Human Androgen Receptor
(NR3C4, AR)
Reporter Assay System

384-well Format Assays
Product # IB03002

Technical Manual
(version 7.1)

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Human AR Reporter Assay System
384-well Format Assays

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I. Description

- **The Assay System**

This nuclear receptor assay system utilizes proprietary non-human mammalian cells engineered to provide constitutive, high-level expression of full length, unmodified Human Androgen Receptor (NR3C4), a ligand-dependent transcription factor commonly referred to as AR.

INDIGO’s Reporter Cells include the luciferase reporter gene functionally linked to an AR-responsive promoter. Thus, quantifying changes in luciferase expression in the treated reporter cells provides a sensitive surrogate measure of the changes in AR activity. Luciferase gene expression occurs after ligand-bound AR undergoes nuclear translocation, DNA binding, recruitment and assembly of the co-activators and accessory factors required to form a functional transcription complex, culminating in expression of the target gene. Unlike some other cell-based assay strategies, the readout from INDIGO’s reporter cells demands the same orchestration of all intracellular molecular interactions and events that can be expected to occur in vivo.

AR Reporter Cells are prepared using INDIGO’s proprietary CryoMite™ process. This cryo-preservation method yields high cell viability post-thaw, and provides the convenience of immediately dispensing healthy, division-competent reporter cells into assay plates. There is no need for intermediate spin-and-wash steps, viability determinations, or cell titer adjustments.

The principle application of this assay product is in the screening of test samples to quantify functional activities, either agonist or antagonist, that they may exert against the human androgen receptor. It is an all-inclusive assay system that includes, in addition to AR Reporter Cells, two optimized media for use during cell culture and in diluting the test samples, a reference agonist, Luciferase Detection Reagent, a cell culture-ready assay plate, and a detailed protocol.

- **The Assay Chemistry**

INDIGO’s nuclear receptor reporter assay systems capitalize on the extremely low background, high-sensitivity, and broad linear dynamic range of bio-luminescence reporter gene technology.

Reporter Cells incorporate the cDNA encoding beetle luciferase, a 62 kD protein originating from the North American firefly (*Photinus pyralis*). Luciferase catalyzes the mono-oxidation of D-luciferin in a Mg$^{2+}$-dependent reaction that consumes O$_2$ and ATP as co-substrates, and yields as products oxyluciferin, AMP, PP$_i$, CO$_2$, and photon emission. Luminescence intensity of the reaction is quantified using a luminometer, and is reported in terms of Relative Light Units (RLU’s).

INDIGO’s Nuclear Receptor Assay Systems feature a luciferase detection reagent specially formulated to provide stable light emission between 30 and 100+ minutes after initiating the luciferase reaction. Incorporating a 30 minute reaction-rest period ensures that light emission profiles attain maximal stability, thereby allowing assay plates to be processed in batch. By doing so, the signal output from all sample wells, from one plate to the next, may be directly compared within an experimental set.
**Preparation of Test Compounds**

Most commonly, test compounds are solvated at high-concentration in DMSO, and these are stored as master stocks. Master stocks are then diluted to appropriate working concentrations immediately prior to setting up the assay. Users are advised to dilute test compounds to 2x-concentration stocks using Compound Screening Medium (CSM), as described in Step 2 of the Assay Protocol. This method avoids the adverse effects of introducing high concentrations of DMSO into the assay. The final concentration of total DMSO carried over into assay reactions should never exceed 0.4%.

*NOTE:* CSM is formulated to help stabilize hydrophobic test compounds in the aqueous environment of the assay mixture. Nonetheless, high concentrations of extremely hydrophobic test compounds diluted in CSM may lack long-term stability and/or solubility, especially if further stored at low temperatures. Hence, it is recommended that test compound dilutions are prepared in CSM immediately prior to assay setup, and are considered to be 'single-use' reagents.

**Considerations for Automated Dispensing**

When processing a small number of assay plates, first carefully consider the dead volume requirement of your dispensing instrument before committing assay reagents to its setup. In essence, "dead volume" is the volume of reagent that is dedicated to the instrument; it will *not* be available for final dispensing into assay wells. The following Table provides information on reagent volume requirements, and available excesses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stock Reagent &amp; Volume provided</th>
<th>Volume to be Dispensed (384-well plate)</th>
<th>Excess rgt. volume available for instrument dead volume</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reporter Cell Suspension 7.5 ml (prepared from kit components)</td>
<td>15 µl / well 5.8 ml / plate</td>
<td>~ 1.7 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detection Substrate 7.8 ml</td>
<td>15 µl / well 5.8 ml / plate</td>
<td>~ 2 ml</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Assay Scheme**

*Figure 1.* Assay workflow. *In brief*, the prepared suspension of thawed Reporter Cells are dispensed into wells of the assay plate and then immediately dosed with the user’s test compounds. Following 22 - 24 hr incubation Detection Substrate is added. Light emission from each assay well is quantified using a plate-reading luminometer.
Figure 2. Agonist dose-response of the AR Reporter Assay.

Dose-response analyses of AR Reporter Cells were performed according to the protocol provided in this Technical Manual, using three common AR reference agonists: 6α-Fl Testosterone (FlT; provided), Di-Hydroxy Testosterone (DHT; Steraloids Inc.) and Medroxy-Progesterone 17-Acetate (MPA; Steraloids, Inc.). To assess the amount of background signal contributed by other factors that may cause gratuitous activation of the luciferase reporter gene, “mock” reporter cells were prepared to contain only the luciferase vector (i.e., cells without the AR expression vector). Mock reporter cells are not provided with assay kits. AR Reporter Cells and Mock Reporter Cells were treated with reference agonists at assay concentrations spanning approximately 0.01x EC₅₀ to 100x EC₅₀ for each compound. The assay concentration range for FlT and DHT were: 10000, 2000, 400, 80, 16, 3.2, 0.64 and 0 pM, and for MPA: 500, 100, 20, 4.0, 0.80, 0.16, 0.032 and 0 nM. Luminescence was quantified using a GloMax-Multi+ luminometer. Average relative light units (RLU) and corresponding standard deviation (SD) values were determined. Non-linear regression analyses were plotted using GraphPad Prism software. EC₅₀ concentrations for each agonist were determined to be: FlT, 160 pM; DHT, 58 pM; and MPA, 4.0 nM.
Figure 3. Antagonist dose-response of the AR Reporter Assay.

Analyses of AR Reporter Cells treated with 400 pM 6αFl-Testosterone (~EC₈₅) and challenged with 5-fold increasing concentrations of the reference antagonists Mifepristone (Enzo Biochem) or Hydroxy-Flutamide (Sigma), each at the following concentrations: 5.0 µM, 1.0 µM, 200 nM, 40 nM, 8.0 nM, 1.6 nM, 320 pM, 64 pM, 12.8 pM, 2.56 pM, 0.512 pM and 0 pM.
II. Product Components & Storage Conditions

This Human AR Reporter Assay System contains materials to perform assays in a single 384-well assay plate.

The aliquot of AR Reporter Cells is provided as a single-use reagent. Once thawed, reporter cells can NOT be refrozen or maintained in extended culture with any hope of retaining downstream assay performance. Therefore, extra volumes of these reagents should be discarded after assay setup.

Assay kits are shipped on dry ice. Upon receipt, individual kit components may be stored at the temperatures indicated on their respective labels. Alternatively, the entire kit may be further stored at -80°C.

To ensure maximal viability, “Reporter Cells” must be maintained at -80°C until immediately prior to use.

The date of product expiration is printed on the Product Qualification Insert (PQI) enclosed with each kit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kit Components</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Storage Temp.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• AR Reporter Cells</td>
<td>1 x 2.0 mL</td>
<td>-80°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Cell Recovery Medium (CRM)</td>
<td>1 x 6 mL</td>
<td>-20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Compound Screening Medium (CSM)</td>
<td>1 x 35 mL</td>
<td>-20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 6α-Fl Testosterone, 10 μM (in DMSO) (reference agonist for AR)</td>
<td>1 x 30 μL</td>
<td>-20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Detection Substrate</td>
<td>1 x 7.8 mL</td>
<td>-80°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• 384-well assay plate (white, sterile, cell-culture ready)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>ambient</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

III. Materials to be Supplied by the User

The following materials must be provided by the user, and should be made ready prior to initiating the assay procedure:

**DAY 1**
• cell culture-rated laminar flow hood.
• 37°C, humidified 5% CO₂ incubator for mammalian cell culture.
• 37°C water bath.
• 70% alcohol wipes
• 8- or 12-channel electronic, repeat-dispensing pipettes & sterile tips
• disposable media basins, sterile.
• sterile multi-channel media basins (such as the Heathrow Scientific "Dual-Function Solution Basin"), or deep-well plates, or appropriate similar vessel for generating dilution series of reference compound(s) and test compound(s).
• antagonist reference compound (optional).

**DAY 2** plate-reading luminometer.
**IV. Assay Protocol**

Review the entire Assay Protocol before starting. Completing the assay requires an overnight incubation. Steps 1-8 are performed on Day 1, requiring less than 2 hours to complete. Steps 9-15 are performed on Day 2, and require less than 1 hour to complete.

- **A word about Antagonist-mode assay setup**

Receptor inhibition assays expose the Reporter Cells to a constant, sub-maximal concentration (typically between EC$_{50}$ – EC$_{85}$) of a known agonist AND the test compound(s) to be evaluated for antagonist activity. This AR Reporter Assay System kit includes a 10 µM stock solution of 6α-Fl Testosterone (FIT), a potent agonist of AR (Figure 2) that may be used to setup such receptor inhibition studies. 400 pM FIT typically corresponds to ~EC$_{80}$ in this reporter assay. Hence, it presents a reasonable assay concentration of agonist to be used when screening for inhibitory compounds. APPENDIX 1 provides a guide for preparing CSM supplemented with an appropriate concentration of FIT.

We find that adding the reference agonist to the bulk suspension of Reporter Cells *(i.e., prior to dispensing into assay wells)* is the most efficient and precise method of setting up antagonist assays, and it is the method presented in Step 5b of the following protocol. Note that, in Step 6, 15 µl of treatment media is combined with 15 µl of pre-dispensed [Reporter Cells + agonist]. Consequently, one must prepare the bulk suspension of Reporter Cells to contain a 2x-concentration of the reference agonist. APPENDIX 1 provides a dilution scheme that may be used as a guide when preparing cell suspension supplemented with a desired 2x-concentration of agonist.

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**DAY 1 Assay Protocol:** All steps must be performed using proper aseptic technique.

1.) **Remove** Cell Recovery Medium (CRM) and Compound Screening Medium (CSM) from freezer storage and thaw in a 37°C water bath.

2.) **Prepare dilutions of treatment compounds:** Prepare Test Compound treatment media for Agonist- or Antagonist-mode screens.

The final concentration of total DMSO carried over into assay reactions should never exceed 0.4%.

Note that, in Step 6, 15 µl of the prepared treatment media is added into assay wells that have been pre-dispensed with 15 µl of Reporter Cells. Hence, to achieve the desired final assay concentrations one must prepare treatment media with a 2x-concentration of the test and reference material(s). Use CSM to prepare the appropriate dilution series. Plan dilution volumes carefully; this assay kit provides 35 ml of CSM.

This AR Reporter Assay System kit includes a 10 µM stock solution of 6α-Fl Testosterone, a potent agonist of AR. The following assay concentration range provides a suitable dose-response: 3000, 1000, 333, 111, 37.0, 12.3, 4.12, and 0 pM. APPENDIX 1 provides an example for generating such a dilution series.
3.) First, retrieve the tube of CRM from the 37°C water bath and sanitize the outside surface of the tube with a 70% ethanol swab.

Second, retrieve Reporter Cells from -80°C storage. Perform a rapid thaw of the frozen cells by transferring a 5.5 ml volume of 37°C CRM into the tube of frozen cells. Recap the tube of Reporter Cells and immediately place it in a 37°C water bath for 5 - 10 minutes. The resulting volume of cell suspension will be 7.5 ml.

4.) Retrieve the tube of Reporter Cell Suspension from the water bath and sanitize the outside surface of the tube with a 70% alcohol swab.

5.) a. Agonist-mode assays. Invert the tube of Reporter Cells several times to disperse cell aggregates and gain an homogenous cell suspension. Without delay, dispense 15 µl of cell suspension into each well of the Assay Plate.

   ~ or ~

b. Antagonist-mode assays. Invert the tube of Reporter Cells several times to disperse any cell aggregates, and to gain an homogenous cell suspension. Supplement the bulk suspension of Reporter Cells with the desired 2x-concentration of reference agonist (refer to "A word about antagonist-mode assay setup", pg. 8). Dispense 15 µl of cell suspension into each well of the Assay Plate.

   NOTE 5.1: Take special care to prevent cells from settling during the dispensing period. Allowing cells to settle during the transfer process, and/or lack of precision in dispensing uniform volumes across the assay plate will cause well-to-well variation (= increased standard deviation) in the assay.

   NOTE 5.2: Users sometimes prefer to examine the reporter cells using a microscope. If so, the extra volume of cell suspension provided with each kit may be dispensed (15 µl/well) into a clear 384-well cell culture treated assay plate, followed by the addition of 15 µl/well of CSM (as in Step 6). Incubated overnight in identical manner to those reporter cells contained in the white assay plate.

6.) Dispense 15 µl of 2x-concentration treatment media into appropriate assay wells.

7.) Transfer the assay plate into a 37°C, humidified 5% CO₂ incubator for 22 - 24 hours.

   NOTE: Ensure a high-humidity (≥ 85%) environment within the cell culture incubator. This is critical to prevent the onset of deleterious "edge-effects" in the assay plate.

8.) For greater convenience on Day 2, retrieve Detection Substrate from -80°C storage and place in a dark refrigerator (4°C) to thaw overnight.
DAY 2 Assay Protocol: Subsequent manipulations do not require special regard for aseptic technique, and may be performed on a bench top.

9.) 30 minutes before intending to quantify AR activity, remove Detection Substrate from the refrigerator and place them in a low-light area so that it may equilibrate to room temperature. Gently invert the tube several times to ensure an homogenous solution.

    NOTE: Do NOT actively warm Detection Substrate above room temperature. If these solutions were not allowed to thaw overnight at 4°C, a room temperature water bath may be used to expedite thawing.

10.) Set the plate-reader to "luminescence" mode. Set the instrument to perform a single 5 second “plate shake” prior to reading the first assay well. Read time may be set to 0.5 second (500 mSec) per well, or less.

11.) Following 22 - 24 hours of incubation add 15 µl of Detection Substrate to each well of the assay plate.

    NOTE: Perform manual reagent transfers carefully to avoid bubble formation! Scattered micro-bubbles will not pose a problem. However, bubbles covering the surface of the reaction mix, or large bubbles clinging to the side walls of the well, will cause lens-effects that may significantly degrade the accuracy and precision of the assay data. In the event of excessive bubble formation during manual processing, spin the assay plate (with lid) at low speed for 1-2 minutes using a room temperature centrifuge fitted with counter-balanced plate carriers.

12.) Allow the plate(s) to rest at room temperature for 30 minutes. Do not shake the assay plate(s) during this period.

    NOTE: the luminescent signal is unstable during the first 30 minutes of the luciferase reaction, however, after the initial 30 minute reaction period the luminescence signal achieves a stable emission output.

13.) Quantify luminescence.
## V. Related Products

### AR Assay Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product No.</th>
<th>Product Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IB03001-32</td>
<td>Human AR Reporter Assay System 3x 32 assays in 96-well format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB03001</td>
<td>Human AR Reporter Assay System 1x 96-well format assay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB03002</td>
<td>Human AR Reporter Assay System 1x 384-well format assays</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bulk volumes of assay reagents may be custom manufactured to accommodate any scale of HTS. Please Inquire.

### LIVE Cell Multiplex (LCM) Assay

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product No.</th>
<th>Product Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCM-01</td>
<td>Reagent volumes sufficient to perform 96 Live Cell Assays in 1x96-well, or 2x48-well, or 3x32-well assay plate formats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCM-05</td>
<td>Reagent in 5x-bulk volume to perform 480 Live Cell Assays in any combination of 1x96-, 2x48-, or 3x32-well assay plate formats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCM-10</td>
<td>Reagent in 10x-bulk volume to perform 960 Live Cell Assays in any combination of 1x96-, 2x48-, or 3x32-well assay plate formats</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please refer to INDIGO Biosciences website for updated product offerings.

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## VI. Limited Use Disclosures

Products commercialized by INDIGO Biosciences, Inc. are for RESEARCH PURPOSES ONLY – not for therapeutic or diagnostic use in humans.

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Example scheme for the serial dilution of 6α-F testosterone reference agonist, and the setup of an AR dose-response assay.

For convenience, serial dilutions may be made directly in a dual-function solution basin (Heathrow Scientific) or a deep 96-well plate.